

# OH! MY HEAD.

The pain from Neuralgia and its companion disease Rheumatism is excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Abolish them will do for the following parties:

Williams, Ind., Oct. 1, 1887. Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years, and to the point of being unable to work, I finally found relief in the use of your medicine. I am now well and able to work. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, J. H. Williams.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture. "Morrison's Head." THEATROPHOS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

## Springfield Republic

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 24, 1888.

### MORRISON E. WAITE

At six o'clock on the morning of Friday, March 23d, 1888, one of the greatest and best of Americans—Morrison Remond Waite, chief justice of the United States supreme court—passed away from earth, leaving as a legacy to his country a spotless fame and a fragrant and most honored memory. Mr. Waite was taken ill on Saturday night last but was in his place on the bench, on Monday. His disease was in his liver, spleen and stomach and so late as Thursday night, he was pronounced comfortable, and his death, early on the following morning, was a surprise to all. His daughter, a lovely and noble woman of broad philanthropic sympathies and conduct, and his distinguished son, Mr. C. C. Waite, were at his bedside—his grief-stricken wife being, at this dread hour, on the other side of the continent, in California.

Judge Waite was born in Lyme, Connecticut, at the mouth of the Connecticut river, November 29th, 1816, and was therefore in his 73d year. He did not appear to be of that age. Young Waite graduated at Yale in 1837. In 1850 he opened with a partner, a law office in Toledo, Ohio. In 1849 he was elected to a seat in the Ohio legislature, and was the Whig candidate for the convention of 1850 to revise the constitution of the state, but was defeated. He was also defeated, as a candidate for congress, in 1852. He was offered a position on the supreme bench, to fill a vacancy, by Governor Brough, but declined to accept the position. Much to his surprise, doubtless, he was chosen as the counsel of the United States, at the arbitration of the Alabama claims at Geneva. The result of this arbitration, as is well-known, was largely due to his logical power and his knowledge of international questions. To the constitutional convention called in 1873 to revise the constitution of Ohio, he was elected delegate from Lucas county by both political parties and was elected president of that body. Upon the death of Chief Justice Chase, after Hon. George H. Williams and Hon. Caleb Cushing had been successively nominated and withdrawn, President Grant sent to the senate the name of Morrison R. Waite, of Ohio, who but one year previous had, on motion of Mr. Cushing, been admitted to practice in the court of which he was destined to become chief justice. Mr. Waite was confirmed by the unanimous vote of the senate.

He was a man of quiet, unpretending manners, of a clear head, of a good heart and of commanding ability. He would have vacated his position long ago, if he could have done so without impeding public interests. In the recent case, as to the right to transport liquors into Iowa, he rendered a dissenting opinion, holding that a state has a right to utterly shut intoxicating liquors from its territory if its people wished to do so.

Judge Waite leaves behind him eight associate justices—Samuel F. Miller, Stephen J. Field, Joseph P. Bradley, John M. Harlan, Stanley Matthews, Horace Gray, Samuel Blatchford and Lucius Q. K. Lamar. Justices Miller, Bradley, Harlan, Matthews, Gray and Blatchford, six of the eight, are republicans. President Cleveland, who has shown great and proper feeling over the death of the chief justice, will have the appointment of his successor.

The city council should legislate, but it is a question whether the executive department should not be separate from the council, the legislative department. The plan proposed for reorganizing the city government provides that the mayor and certain boards shall administer the government. These boards are a board of public works, whose members shall have in hand all public improvements, the making or repairing of public buildings, (excepting school buildings,) all streets, roads, etc., etc. This would be a very important board; four fire commissioners; four police commissioners; four library trustees; four hospital commissioners; four members of an equalization board, a tax commissioner, such as we now have. We certainly need the police commission—now a political and personal machine, for which fact Mayor Kelly is in no respect responsible.

A police board should be non-partisan. This assertion has been vindicated and illustrated in Cincinnati. Mayor Kelly finds that he is a figure-head. He can name good policemen, but he cannot persuade the council to confirm them. We ought to select policemen on their merits, not with reference to their politics, or their qualities as political husters.

Harper's Monthly for April has an illustrated article on Columbus, Ohio. The reading matter and pictures are very good. The only criticism we have to make at present is that the new county court house is labelled "the city hall."

Mr. Albert Tuttle is the republican candidate for council in the Sixth ward. He has no middle name. He is a level-headed, sound-hearted man. All good citizens should vote for him.

We have too many members of the board of education—such as they are. Perhaps we have, anyhow. Why cannot nine good men do the work better and quicker than eighteen?

The tally-sheet jury at Columbus stood 10 to 3, or, as the State Journal says, "practically 11 to 1," for conviction. The racials will get left, next time.

Assessors should be appointed—not elected—according to qualifications for the position, not from a humane desire to benefit individuals.

The legislative and executive departments of the city should be separated.

### MONDAY NIGHT'S MEETING.

We ask all citizens to attend the meeting to be held Monday night in the Grand opera house. A measure honestly conceived and carefully prepared in the direction of a reconstruction of the city government is to be fairly and thoroughly discussed by those who favor it—or something on its general plan—and by those who oppose it, and we understand that anybody who wishes to take a whack at it will have an opportunity. The proposition that reform is needed cannot be disputed after the past few years of local legislation. We shall do much toward the reformation by electing the candidates already nominated. We do not say this because they are republicans, but because what we say is true. Everybody knows that it is true. But our people may become careless, in time, and invite the political accidents from which the city is now suffering, and in such an event, it would be well to have a due share of good, solid republicans in the city's governing boards.

We do not ask our people to support or oppose the proposed measure. We simply ask them to attend the meeting and to give their friends and opponents a fair, unbiased, hearing, and then decide according to their own judgments and consciences whether they will vote for a change.

One thing is certain, Springfield has immense financial interests and it is vitally important that they should be placed in the hands of men who are honest and capable financiers. It is quite possible that we could well afford to pay a good salary to a few men—such as Mr. Marshall Steele and Mr. William Diehl, by way of illustration—and we name these men because they are not only capable but are not in business or professional life and might be induced to accept the position—to manage our public finances as they manage their own—so as to reduce both the public outlay and the cost of administration! That is what we need to do.

We can name other suitable men of both parties. The larger portion of our capable men are in business life, but there are other very shrewd financiers and at the same time of spotless and indisputable integrity, who might accept the proposed positions were they tendered to them. We have an almost irresistible inclination to lengthen the list, but to refrain from doing so. Our citizens will readily decide for themselves who they are.

The question to be decided is whether such immense local financial interests as we now have in hand can be safely run by such men as may, at any time, get into the council and board of education, and as are now in both boards—men who are grossly incapable and unfit; ignorant alike of the principles of finance and political economy and of the matter, theory and processes of educating the young. Most assuredly, we must guard, in some way, against the possibility of putting the interests of the city and the public schools at the mercy of the incapables who are now so largely represented in both the city boards.

We are sorry that the facts justify us in the use of this language, and that they are so apparent to the general public that we do not need to use names.

We again urge all citizens to attend the meeting alluded to, and we ask all persons who can intelligently and forcibly present the points of the measure, or who can offer good reasons why it should not be adopted, to attend the meeting and give their arguments and views freely and frankly, and we bespeak for them a fair hearing.

This large snow fall protects and fertilizes the wheat crop of 1888, at a time of year that is always very trying to the plants.

### WILL BUILD IT UP.

A New Manager for the Standard Tea Company, in the Arcade.

The Standard Tea company, in the Arcade, has a new manager in the person of Mr. W. A. Roberts, a young man from Pittsburg. He comes here to build up the business and will sell the very best goods at the lowest prices. A new stock of goods is now arriving and the store will be rearranged and everything put in first-class shape. Mr. Roberts is experienced in the tea business and promises his customers good goods. The Standard Tea company, in Kelly's Arcade.

The Queen and Crescent Route to the South challenges attention as having the best appointed service of trains and the fastest schedules of the day. The track is in faultless condition, sleepers and coaches are of elegant pattern, and few stops being made by the Limited Express train after leaving Cincinnati, no difficulty is experienced in obtaining accommodation of the highest standard. The line penetrates the richest mineral and cotton sections, and enroute to New Orleans and Shreveport the phenomenal cities of Chattanooga, Garden, Birmingham and Tuscaloosa are passed. A journey south, via Queen and Crescent Route, is recommended.

### The Amber of Samland.

The gathering of amber has always been a royal monopoly—first held by the Byzantine knights, but of recent centuries farmed out to corporations by the Prussian government. It is found all along the coast of Samland, and is obtained by divers and dredges, but is often discovered floating in the surf and seaweed after a storm. In 1862, after one of the most prolonged and furious gales that ever visited the Baltic sea, more than 4,000 pounds of the precious stuff was washed ashore, the value of which at the market at Danzig was over \$100,000.

Small pieces of crude amber, of the ordinary quality, weighing not more than half an ounce, will at wholesale for 75 cents to \$1. Larger pieces bring much more, according to the quality and size. A chunk that will weigh a pound is worth several hundred dollars. The amber is considered the best, but the value is decreasing, because of the ability to imitate the genuine. Not one-tenth of the amber seen in the market is the real stuff, and the bogus is said to be superior for nearly all the purposes for which it is used. The contractors have expended again and again to Bismarck to prohibit the manufacture and sale of the imitation, but he smiles at them and says that human ingenuity must not be suppressed when it is exercised to cheapen the cost of the necessities of life without injury to the health of the people, and the pipe manufacturers applaud Bismarck.—William Elroy Curtis.

### Cleaning and Dyeing.

Ladies had better bring in their cleaning before employing the dress maker, and avoid the shop.

SPRINGFIELD STEAM DYE WORKS, No. 31 North Center street.

### "FROM OUT ETERNAL SILENCE."

From out eternal silence do we come. For we were not a time, and swift or slow must come again, when all this world's loud hum was naught to us, and shall again grow dumb through our identity. Between the dark, stony portals, with much empty show of thinking brass and sounding life and drum, The endless case of life is moving; Or whence or whither, to what destiny. But he who dwells beyond the farthest dawn knows, yet reveals not, enigma even He in silence wraps, for all the thunder's roll, Save for His deathless message to our soul! —Stuart Sierne in The Century.

### A Suggestion for Inventors.

The Railroad Gazette, referring to the numerous patents on car couplers, and the difficulty experienced by the railroad officials in determining the lines of the future standard January typewriter, quotes the sayings of a facetious mechanic. He suggests that car coupler inventors should turn their attention to an automatic locomotive engineer—one who would never look on the cup when it is read, never lose time, never have leaky doors or a hot box, and never misread orders, have a collision or stick in a snow bank. He says he feels sure such an invention would attract the attention of our great railroad monopolists and fulfill a long felt want, especially if it could be warranted to run 300 miles after a nickel had been inserted in the slot.—Scientific American.

### Curiosities of Friendship.

Curiosities of friendship would cover nearly all earthly noted masculine or feminine affinities the world has known. The law that governs friendship has often been stated. A general impression is that opposites match, and co-operate more readily than equals. The friendship of the good could form a friendship most readily with children. Strong natures like pliable natures. Highly intellectual people find necessary rest with those of less intellect and more ease. There was a philosophy in the keeping of festers or "fools" by those who were burdened by affairs of state. Walter Scott loved nothing so well as his dogs. George Eliot's friendships were for men. Blondes are said to prefer brunettes, and brunettes blondes.—Globe-Democrat.

### The Russian Tax Collector.

There is said to be no instance in which a peasant ever refused to pay his taxes. Once a year the collector enters the village, taps at the window and calls "Kaza!" Then the man or woman of the house comes out with the money, which is always ready, and is put into the bag of the collector, who does not count it, because he knows it is all the money he has got. When night comes the collector enters the best house in the village, hangs his money bag under the eaves of the house, and goes to sleep. In the morning, being perfectly confident that his money will not be disturbed, because of the reverence for the czar, whom he represents, and the image of which the treasure is placed.—William Elroy Curtis in Chicago News.

### Woman in Switzerland.

Some persons seem to find much comfort in the statement that Swiss women dispute the most lucrative trades with men; but really before bowing down and worshipping the country of economy, it will do no harm to remember that the women also dispute the work of agriculture with the men and even with the animals. There is no gallantry or chivalry about a Swiss at home. He is said to be honest in his native wilds when not keeping a hotel, and it should be remembered that he has a tremendous stock of honesty to draw upon in that left behind as useless by his countrymen serving in various European armies, but for sentiment toward women he has no use whatever.—Boston Transcript.

### How to Reduce Flesh.

It is not necessary for a corpulent person to vigorously deny himself everything good to eat in order to be less bulky. It is a positive fact that a cup of water taken after each meal will rapidly reduce flesh. Eat what you like, rich gravies, sweets, pastry, anything, but drink nothing but plain water, and in a few minutes after rising from the table drink the cup of hot boiling water, and enjoy the light, relieved feeling you will experience. It is a little odd, but hot water taken before the meal increases the weight.—Woman's Work.

### Specimens of African Sheep.

African sheep, as represented by specimens in the Berlin zoological gardens, vary greatly in size and form, some being large and clumsy, while others are quite small and graceful, with slender, deer-like limbs. The color is always black and white. They are not like European species, covered with wool, but have only stiff, coarse hair, which is short and even, except on the backs of the bucks. They are useful only as food, for which they are highly prized by the blacks.—Arkansas Traveler.

### A Judicious Judgment.

In a bridge car the other day a man was reading Stepanik's description of the brutal despotism of the czar's government. Did his blood boil with indignation, and did he denounce the outrages against human rights perpetrated by it? No, he wasn't built that way. He just turned to his neighbor and remarked, "It seems to me that the form of government in Russia is somewhat too strict." There is a judicious judgment for you.—New York Tribune.

### She Didn't Want It.

Boston Spinster (in bird store).—That is a beautiful pair of birds. I am very anxious to have one. Can I take? Dealer.—Oh, yes, ma'am. (To parrot). "Polly want a cracker?" "Polly solemnly!—Let her go, Gallagher."

### Exit Boston spinster.—The Epoch.

"In going to New York to stay a day, a week, or a month, and not making a central location. The Sturtevant House, Broadway cor. 29th, is near all places of amusement and nearly 2,000 cars pass it daily.—Home Journal.

### A WONDERFUL ANALYSIS.

A Simple Physical Trouble Shown to be the Beginning of the End. What is a cough? It is an irritation of the throat and lungs. What causes it? Congestion. Stop the congestion, the irritation ceases, and the cough ceases, and the cough is cured. But how to stop the congestion? Ah, there is just where physicians have all way been puzzled. But it must be checked, or pneumonia, or consumption, or some other pulmonary disease will follow. Some doctors give cod liver oil, others cod liver oil, but the most advanced prescribe stimulants. Nature must be assisted. Pure whisky will do it. General use and faith.

Professor Austin Flint, of Bellevue (New York) College, says: "The judicious use of alcoholic stimulants is one of the striking characteristics of progress in the practice of medicine during the last half century." Professor Henry A. Mott, of New York, says: "The purity of Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky is a simple analytical test will readily convince a physician or an expert should certainly recommend it to the highest public favor."

Dr. Wm. T. Cutler, State Chemist of Connecticut, says: "Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky contains no deleterious or injurious qualities, and its absolute purity, as well as scientific mode of manufacture, must commend it to general use and faith."

Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky is a certain cure and preventive of congestion, and should be kept in every family. It is sold by all druggists and dealers. Be sure and see the genuine.

## DYSPEPSIA

Is that intersting experience when we suddenly become aware that we possess a diabolical arrangement called a stomach. The stomach is the reservoir from which every fiber and this must be nourished, and any trouble with it is soon felt throughout the whole system. Among a dozen dyspeptics no two will have the same predominant symptoms. Dyspepsia of active mental power and a bilious temperament are subject to sick headache. Those who are bilious and phlegmatic have constipation; while the thin and nervous are abandoned to gloomy phobias. Some dyspeptics are wonderfully forgetful; others have great irritability of temper. Whatever form dyspepsia may take, one thing is certain.

### The Underlying Cause is in the LIVER.

and one thing more is equally certain, no one will remain a dyspeptic who will use WILL CORRECT.

Acidity of the Stomach, Excess of Food, Indigestion, Allay Irritation, Assist Digestion, and at the same time Start the Liver to Working, when all other troubles soon disappear.

"My wife was a confirmed dyspeptic. Some three years ago by the advice of Dr. Steiner, of Augusta, she was induced to try Simmons' Liver Regulator. I feel grateful for the relief it has given her, and will not read this and are afflicted in any way, whether chronic or otherwise, use Simmons' Liver Regulator and I feel confident health will be restored to all who will be advised."—Wm. M. Kess, Fort Valley, Ga.

### See that you get the Genuine.

Which has on the wrapper the red 22 Trade-mark and Signature of

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

444 Broadway, New York City.

## MYSTIC LETTERS

In the New York papers we read something new.

The mystic initials—K. M. Q. A gentleman, worth a good deal of money. Court a lady and called her dear bunny. He swore in his letters to her he'd be true. And ended each letter with K. M. Q. But alas! the duration of true love was short. And was promptly invited to court. Where he tried to explain, it was only a trick.

For K. M. Q. simply meant, "Come Kiss Me Quick."

We hear every day of a large railroad, too. That's known through the land as the C. B. & Q. Alas! all their engineers went on a strike. They can't get a car moved, try as they like. You see they've been paying poor wages for years.

And that's why they lost all their best engineers. Now just let the company offer good pay. And then business and men will return right away.

Then the C. B. & Q. need not feel so sick. The letters will then mean Come Back Quick.

There's a deep hidden meaning both useful and true. Contained in the monogram B. C. Q. It means that by a monogram motto.

The lowest priced clothier is J. M. Knote. The spring line he bought is the finest in town.

And the goods are all marked with the prices way down. Now, should you be needing a spring suit or coat.

There no one to serve you as cheaply as Knote. And those that come early will get the best pick.

For B. C. Q. signifies, "Buy Clothing Quick."

I am Receiving an Elegant line of

SUITS

For Children, Boys and Men that for style, make and fit can't be excelled, and for price, I defy competition. I have a few choice

OVERCOATS

Left yet that must be sold. Look elsewhere and get prices and then come and inspect my stock and I am sure it will result in a sale by

J. M. KNOTE,

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE,

13 EAST MAIN STREET.

1,200,000 LADIES NOW WEAR THE

Duplex CORSET.

Comfortable, Elegant, Perfectly Healthful, and the Most Durable known to the trade.

Double Bone! Double Steel! Double Steel! ONE DOLLAR. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

New York Central Warehouse: 30 East Market Street.

Bortree Mfg. Co., Jackson, Mich.

Agricultural Election.

The annual election for directors of the Clark County Agricultural Society will be held on

Monday, April 3, 1888,

in the townships and precincts of the same, at the following places: Springfield, at the usual places of holding the spring election for township and city officers, and at the usual hours of holding the same.

The directors whose time of office expires in April, 1888, are as follows: Q. A. Smith, of Bethel township; Thomas S. Stewart, of Greene township; C. F. Rohrer, of German township; M. E. Goodnow, of Harmony township; James C. Pringle, of Madison township; John Arthur, of Madison township; and J. S. McClure, who, having moved out of said township, his place to be filled for one year, by Wm. H. Grant, of Moorehead township; E. M. McKenney, of Pleasant township; Wm. Jenkins, of Pike township; George H. Beld, of Springfield township; and H. L. Rockwell, of Springfield.

H. B. Rockwell, who has been managed and governed as directed in articles 5 and 10 of the constitution of the Clark County Agricultural Society, and on page 17 of the Prospect List for 1887.

L. B. SPRAGUE, Secretary.

### A Festival Among Alaskans.

The tribes of North Sound hold a festival every year in October or November in memory of deceased kinsmen, and Petroff thus describes the performance: "At sunset the men assemble in the kashaga, and, after a hurried bath, ornament each other by tracing various figures on the naked back with a mixture of oil and charcoal. Two boys, who for this occasion are respectively named the raven and the hawk, are in attendance, mixing the paint, etc. Finally, the faces also are thickly smeared; and then the females are summoned into the kashaga. After a brief lapse of time a noise is heard, shrieks and yells, snorting and roaring; and the disguised men, emerging from the firehole, show their heads above the floor, blowing and puffing like seals. It is impossible to distinguish any complete human figure, as some are crawling with their feet foremost, others running on their hands and feet, while the head of another is seen protruding between the legs of a companion. They all cling together and move in concert like one immense snake."

A number of men wear masks representing the heads of animals, and the unsightly beings advance upon the spectators, but chiefly endeavoring to frighten the women, who have no means of escaping, and are excited by buying of the actors with presents. Knowing what was before them, they have brought the kashagas or wooden bowls full of delicious morsels—beings blubber, walrus meat, whale oil, berries and other dainties. When each of the maskers has eaten and filled a bowl or two with delicacies to take home, they indulge in a pantomime and gesture play of a highly grotesque character. After completing the ceremony in the kashaga, the maskers frequently visit some of the dwellings, and receive gifts in each, the whole performance ending with singing, dancing and feasting in the kashaga."—Chambers Journal.

Counterfeit Silver in Circulation.

There is, by all accounts, a good deal of counterfeit silver in circulation in the rural districts, and exactly how it gets into circulation no one seems to know. A friend of mine, who does a considerable supply business with the rural tradesmen offers a plausible explanation. He has recently, he says, received a number of letters from people in the south and southwest, asking him to supply them with counterfeit money. At first these letters puzzled him, as he could not conceive how the writers, who were strangers to him, could have got his address and the idea that he dealt in such a commodity as they wished to negotiate for. At last, however, it struck him that some of the peddlers whom he supplied with goods might be engaged in the business of shoving the quack, and that they had taken the liberty to give his name as the person who furnished the bogus currency to them. The theory is quite plausible. Peddlers get everywhere about the country in the south, and could readily put out a large quantity of base coin among the ignorant blacks and whites they deal with in the way of trade. A shrewd peddler, knowing the country well, could also pick his man and sell large quantities of bad money to them with comparative safety to himself.—Alfred Trumbull in New York Times.

A fair trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofulous salt rheum, or any affection caused by impure blood, or low state of the system, will be sufficient to convince any one of the superior and peculiar curative powers of this medicine. Buy it of your druggist. 100 doses one dollar.

John J. White, who died at Griffin, Ga., was born, baptized, married and died on the 7th day of the month.

## REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

Call for Primary Meetings—Election of Delegates to County and State Conventions.

The republican voters of Clark county are requested to meet at the places and on the dates hereinafter designated, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the republican county convention to be held at Black's opera house in the city of Springfield, Ohio, on

Thursday, April 12th, 1888, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for the nomination of the following county officers:

One Sheriff; One Treasurer; One Prosecuting Attorney; One County Commissioner; One Inlandry Director; One Surveyor.

Said convention will also select delegates to represent Clark county in writing to the republican State Convention. The following manner of selecting delegates has been adopted by the county committee:

Officers of the primary meetings are requested to send in writing to the clerk of the central committee the names of delegates selected in accordance with this call. Delegates whose certificates are not received by the secretary and those who are not selected strictly in accordance with this call will not be permitted to participate in the preliminary organization of the convention. At the towns named for the meetings in the following townships, precincts and wards the republicans shall organize by selecting a chairman, secretary, assistant secretary (not two judges. Delegates shall be selected by ballot, and no ticket shall be received. Names shall be given to the township, precinct or ward is entitled to delegates in the convention. The name of each person voting shall be recorded before the ballot is received by the judges. The receipt for the ballots shall be kept in a conspicuous place and shall not be passed around to receive them. The preliminary organization of the convention shall be held at the following places: Bethel township, Donnellville precinct, 5 o'clock; Medway precinct, 6 o'clock; New Carlisle precinct, 7 o'clock; German township, New Carlisle precinct, 8 o'clock; Tremont precinct, 9 o'clock; Greene township, Harmony township, 10 o'clock; Madison township, 11 o'clock; South Charleston precinct, 12 o'clock; Seima precinct, 1 o'clock; Madison township, 2 o'clock; Pike township, 3 o'clock; Pleasant township, 4 o'clock; Springfield township, 5 o'clock; City of Springfield, 6 o'clock.

First ward, 7 o'clock; Second ward, 8 o'clock; Third ward, 9 o'clock; Fourth ward, 10 o'clock; Fifth ward, 11 o'clock; Sixth ward, 12 o'clock; Seventh ward, 1 o'clock; Eighth ward, 2 o'clock; Ninth ward, 3 o'clock.

Total, 355. The meetings in the city of Springfield will be held from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, April 10, 1888, at the following places:

First ward, Sheriff's office; Second ward, Western engine house; Third ward, Central engine house; Fourth ward, 5 o'clock; Fifth ward, 6 o'clock; Sixth ward, Mayor's office; Seventh ward, Central engine house; Eighth ward, precinct, 8 o'clock; Ninth ward, 9 o'clock.

The meetings in the various townships and precincts will be held at the usual time and places as follows: Donnellville precinct, Donnellville, 4 to 6 p. m.; Medway precinct, usual place, 4 to 6 p. m.; Lawrenceville precinct, usual place, 4 to 6 p. m.; Greene precinct, usual place, 4 to 6 p. m.; Harmony township, Plattsburg, 3 to 6 p. m.; Madison township, Knott, 4 to 6 p. m.; Pleasant township, township house, 4 to 7 p. m.; Pike township, Center school house, 4 to 6 p. m.; Moorehead township, Kenton school house and New Moorehead, 4 to 6 p. m.; South Charleston precinct, 5 to 8 p. m.; Madison township, 6 to 9 p. m.; Springfield township, 7 to 9 p. m.

Where no place for holding meetings is designated in this call, it will be held at the usual place for holding elections, unless central committee notify of a change in advance.

R. F. HAYWARD, Chairman. J. C. HOLLOWAY, Secretary.

**Dr. Mott, late Government Chemist,**  
CERTIFIES TO THE  
**PURITY & HEALTHFULNESS**  
OF  
**CLEVELAND'S**  
**SUPERIOR**  
**Baking Powder.**

New York, January 16, 1885.  
I have, on several occasions during the past few years and without the knowledge of the manufacturers, analytically examined cans of CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER purchased by myself in the markets, and I take pleasure in recommending it to public favor as a baking powder that can be relied upon for purity, wholesomeness and strength, as I have never found it to be adulterated with lime or to be impure in any sense whatever.

**DR. H. A. MOTT,**  
Professor of Chemistry New York Medical College, etc.

**LUDLOW'S**  
**KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE!**

A New and Valuable Preparation for the Relief and Cure of Gravel, Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Dropsical, Rheumatic and Gouty Affections, and Pain in the Back and Loins.

**PRICE, - ONE DOLLAR.**

**CHARLES LUDLOW & CO.**